

Quantum information and computation

Lecturer

Ognyan Oreshkov (Coordinator)

Course mnemonic

INFO-H514

ECTS credits

5 credits

Language(s) of instruction

English

Course period

See programme details

Campus

Solbosch

Course content

Introduction

- > Basic principles of quantum mechanics (pure and mixed states, unitary evolution)
- > Quantum measurements (projective and positive operator valued measure)
- > Notion of quantum bit
- > Quantum no-cloning theorem

Quantum entanglement

- > Separability vs entanglement of pure and mixed states
- > Nonlocality (EPR paradox and Bell inequalities)
- > Dense coding and teleportation

Quantum information theory

- > Basic notions of classical information theory
- > Quantum source coding (von Neumann entropy)

Quantum cryptography

- > BB84 protocol for quantum key distribution
- > Entanglement-based quantum key distribution

Quantum computing

- > Quantum circuits and universal gates
- > Phase kickback: Deutsch-Jozsa's algorithm
- > Amplitude amplification: Grover's search algorithm
- > Quantum Fourier transform: Shor's factoring algorithm

Quantum error correction

- > Decoherence
- > Classical error correction

- > 3-qubit repetition code
- > Shor's 9-qubit code
- > Fault tolerance (basics)

Objectives (and/or specific learning outcomes)

The final objectives are

- > to familiarise the students with the basic properties of quantum information, in particular how it differs from classical information and how it can be processed keeping quantum coherence;
- > to expose how these properties can be exploited in different communication and computation applications, analyzing in particular the notion of quantum algorithms;
- > to confront the students with current challenges in the field of quantum information and computation, both from a physics and computer science perspective.

Learning outcomes:

At the end of the course students are able to

- > understand the basics of quantum information theory and its main applications;
- > solve simple problems in quantum information and computation;
- > design and analyse simple quantum algorithms using basic tools such as phase kickback and amplitude amplification.

Teaching method and learning activities

- > Theory courses
- > Exercice sessions

References, bibliography and recommended reading

- > Michael A. Nielsen and Isaac L. Chuang. Quantum Computation and Quantum Information. Cambridge University Press, 2000
- > John Preskill. Lecture notes for the course "Physics 219/ Computer Science 219" at Caltech. See in particular chapter 6 for quantum computation: <http://www.theory.caltech.edu/~preskill/ph219/index.html#lecture>
- > David Mermin. Quantum Computer Science; An introduction. Cambridge Univ Press, 2007

Course notes

Université virtuelle

Other information

Place(s) of teaching

Solbosch

Contact(s)

Ognyan ORESHKOV (Ognyan.Oreshkov@ulb.be)

Evaluation method(s)

Oral examination

Evaluation method(s) (additional information)

Final assessment: open book oral exam

Determination of the mark (including the weighting of partial marks)

The oral exam is graded on a total of 20.

Main language(s) of evaluation

English

Programmes

Programmes proposing this course at the Brussels School of Engineering

MA-IRIF | **Master of science in Computer Science and Engineering** | finalité Professional/unit 1 and finalité Professional/unit 2 and MA-IRPH | **Master of science in Physical Engineering** | finalité Professional/unit 2

Programmes proposing this course at the faculty of Sciences

MA-INFO | **Master in Computer science** | finalité Professional/unit 2 and MA-SECU | **Master in cybersecurity** | finalité Cryptanalysis and Forensics/unit 2

